HamSCI - Ham Radio Science Citizen Investigation - Connecting Communities Gwyn Griffiths G3ZIL





My Background: Oceanography



HamSCI



HamSCI Booth at Dayton Hamvention



A collective that allows university researchers to collaborate with the amateur radio community in scientific investigations.

Objectives:

- **1. Advance** scientific research and understanding through amateur radio activities.
- **2. Encourage** the development of new technologies to support this research.
- **3. Provide** educational opportunities for the amateur radio community and the general public.

Founder/Lead HamSCI Organizer: Dr. Nathaniel A. Frissell, W2NAF The University of Scranton 🧸













"Scientific <u>work</u>, for example collecting information, that is done by ordinary people without <u>special</u> qualifications, in order to <u>help</u> the <u>work</u> of scientists."

Some of 30 NASA-supported projects involving Citizen Scientists:



HamSCI's Citizen Science Focus



Amateurs and Scientists Together



Building: GRAPE Receivers

GRAPE = <u>**G**</u>reat <u>**R**</u>adio <u>**A**</u>mateur <u>**P**</u>ropagation <u>**E**</u>xperiment

Original GRAPE Receivers led by John Gibbons N8OBJ, Case Western Reserve University / Case Amateur Radio Club W8EDU.



GRAPE v2 Receiver

- Three Simultaneous Frequency Bands, triplicated analogue RF as GRAPE v1
- Preassembled
- □ 30 deployed to volunteers for April 2024 Total Eclipse



WsprDaemon GRAPE



An initiative of HamSCI member Rob Robinett AI6VN using commercially available hardware.

- GPS Disciplined Oscillator, here Leo Bodnar Mini, output at 27 MHz
- The RX888 Mk II SDR. No FPGA 1 kHz – 30 MHz spectrum 64.8 MSPS 16 bit IQ output over USB3 to host PC.

Suitable miniPC: Beelink AMD Ryzen 5, 5560U 16 GB six core 2.3 – 4.0 GHz











Coding: ka9q-radio

"General purpose open source software, using fast convolution and IP multicast to digitally down convert, demodulate and distribute 100s of simultaneous channels." Phil Karn https://github.com/ka9q/ka9q-radio/



Coding: WsprDaemon



Building: WsprSonde TX

Design and build by HamSCI member Paul Elliott WB6CXC **Goal:** Transmit stable, accurate multiband WSPR & FST4W **CW ID each frame:** *WSPRSONDE WB6CXC*

- □ Up to 8-band simultaneous 1 W outputs
- Combiners to one multiband tx antenna, or split
- One 10 MHz GPSDO
- □ One 12 V power supply
- No Internet connection required, but useful
- □ Eight WsprSondes in use



More information at turnislandsystems.com/





Coding: pswsnetwork.caps.ua.edu



HamSCI PSWS Network

Operating: '23 and '24 Eclipses

- HamSCI sponsored two different community operating events during 2023 and 2024 eclipses.
- **Solar Eclipse QSO Party:** A fairly typical low band contest, for CW, SSB and FT8.
- **Gladstone Signal Spotting Challenge:** A unique event, a contest of sorts, but for one-way transmissions (using digital modes WSPR and FST4W from the WSJT-X software package).
- Combined, those events created over 760,000 data points (October 2023 eclipse), and over 1.1 million data points (April 2024 eclipse).

🔼 YouTube

Operating: MW Eclipse Reception

These graphs demonstrate the value of control data: Signals received one day prior to the eclipse *vs*. enhancement at 1520 kHz during eclipse on1024 km path Washington State to KE6EE

California.

Courtesy Nick Hall-Patch VE7DXR Coordinator of HamSCI MW listener eclipse observations.

HamSCi

http://hamsci.orc

Analysis: Noise and Signal Level

Careful graphing of FST4W mode received signals show noise levels peaking (left) and signal levels peaking (right) during the October eclipse. Data from WsprDaemon database.

7.040 MHz noise anomaly, the difference between noise on 14 October and the average at the same time over the previous five days for KFS and KPH

Signal levels on 14-18 October 2023 at KA7OEI-1 for FST4W transmissions from WO7I on 3.57 MHz.

Plots generated by Gwyn Griffiths, G3ZIL

Operating: Quick-Look Doppler

Here is evidence that the ionosphere's eclipse reaction is similar to its dusk and dawn reaction - important for validating the receive system.

http://hamsci.ord

Spectrograms automatically available on HamSCI Personal Space Weather Station website: pswsnetwork.caps. ua.edu next day.

🔼 YouTube

Analysis: Beyond Quick-Look

20 MHz WWV to W2NAF 8 April 2024 eclipse Spectrogram from downloaded digital RF

But we need values for Doppler peaks. Results from two algorithms:

 Autocorrelation at one lag **Continuous Wavelet**

Transform of FFT spectra

Analysis: Doppler to Height

More details in my article: Measuring height of reflection at HF. RSGB RadCom, 100(8): 42-44.

🕨 YouTube

Operating: Crowd-sourced Data

Some 49 UK WSPR tx active on 21 MHz. Heat-maps of spot counts with time and range bins to 149 receivers in N. America. The one spot during 19:40–19:59 was GW4SYI received at N5TNL, Arizona.

Operating: Crowd-sourced LSTID

(W2NAF) Frissell, N. A. et al. (2022). First observations of Large Scale Traveling Ionospheric Disturbances using automated amateur radio receiving networks. Geophys. Res. Lett. 49, e2022GL097879. 23 citations to date

X @theRSGB

Analysis: LSTID Measurements

A Large Scale Travelling Ionospheric Disturbance on 17 May 2024 modulated the F2 propagation-path length, inducing Doppler shifts on paths across the continental USA. **Period:** 58 minutes. **Wavelength:** 3160 km

Analysis: LSTID Trace to Source

HamSCI: Next Generation

Communities that look to the future are Effective Communities

Research: UK Doctoral Theses

Supervised by Prof. Cathryn Mitchell M0IBG, Professor of Radio Science, Bath University. *Cathryn convened a HamSCI UK workshop alongside the 2017 RSGB Convention*.

Sam Lo PhD et al. A Systematic Study of 7 MHzChris Deacon G4IFX PhD et al. Consolidated AmateurGreyline Propagation Using Amateur RadioRadio Signal Reports as Indicators of Intense SporadicBeacon Signals, 2022. Atmosphere 13: 1340.E Layers, 2022. Atmosphere 13: 906.

Two of Chris' talks: HamSCI 2024, Cleveland, Ohio. *Why is sporadic-E propagation so weird?* RSGB Convention 2024, Milton Keynes.

@theRSGB

Analysis: Professional Guidance

From Dr Phil Erickson W1PJE, Director MIT Haystack Observatory *Hi Gwyn...,*

You mentioned: "what may be a solar noise burst." My distinguished colleague Dr. Alan EE Rogers ... operates the precisely calibrated EDGES system ... So I asked Alan and sure enough, on 31 December 2023, the system caught a spectacular radio burst signature n associated with the X5 solar flare. "

Toolkit: Ray Trace and Modelling

PyLap is a ray trace toolbox, a wrapper for PHaRLAP. HamSCI member Bill Liles NQ6Z began PyLap, completed as a Masters thesis at Scranton by Devin Diehl. /github.com/hamsci/pylap

Devin added data import from a physicsbased ionosphere model - SAMI3 from Dr. Joe Huba to PyLap.

Supported by grants to Dr Frissell W2NAF at Scranton: NSF AGS-2230345, AGS-2230346, AGS-2045755, NASA 80NSSC23K1322

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Influence: Setting Challenges

Connected Communities are Effective Communities

https://hamsci.org/article/white-papers-submitted-national-academy-sciences-decadal-survey

https://www.frontiersin.org/journals/astronomy-and-space-sciences/articles/10.3389/fspas.2023.1184171/full

Two 'White Papers' to US National Academy of Sciences Decadal Survey on Heliophysics 2022

🐉 frontiers

Distilled into a peer reviewed paper in a special issue of Frontiers in Astronomy and Space Sciences 2023

Heliophysics and amateur radio: citizen science collaborations for atmospheric, ionospheric, and space physics research and operations

Frontiers in Astronomy and Space Sciences

Nathaniel A. Frissell 🚳 12.3*, John R. Ackermann 🚳 23, Jesse N. Alexander 🚳 24, Robert L. Benedict 🔘 William C. Blackwell Jr.², Rachel K. Boedicker 6 25, Stephen A. Cerwin 🚳 2, Kristina V. Collins 🚳 2.6, Scott H. Cowling²³, Chris Deacon @ ²⁷, Devin M. Diehl @ ²⁸, Francesca Di Mare 🔘 910, Timothy J. Duffy 🔘 211, Laura Brandt Edson 🔘 9.10, William D. Engelke 🔘 2.12, James O. Farmer 🔘 2, Rachel M. Frissell 🔘 12, Robert B. Gerzoff 🕲 ², John Gibbons 🕲 ^{2,13}, Gwyn Griffiths 🥥 ² Sverre Holm @ 2.14, Frank M. Howell @ 215, Stephen R. Kaeppler @ 216, George Kayanagh @ 2. David Kazdan 🔘 213, Hyomin Kim 🔘 217, David R. Larsen 🔘 2318, Vincent E. Ledvina 🚳 919, William Liles 🚳 220, Sam Lo71 Michael A. Lombardi 🔘 221, Elizabeth A. MacDonald 🔘 910, Julius Madey^{2,3]}, Thomas C. McDermott @ ^{2,3}, David G. McGaw @ 222, Robert W. McGwier Jr. @ 12, Gary A. Mikitin 💿 ². Ethan S. Miller 🐵 ^{2,23}. Cathryn Mitchell 🔮 ^{2,7}. Aidan Montare 2 221, Cuong D. Nguyen 2 128, Peter N. Nordberg Sr.², Gareth W. Perry @ ²¹⁷ Gerard N. Piccini 😳 1.2, Stanley W. Pozerski Jr. 😳 2 Robert H. Reif 💿 2, Jonathan D. Rizzo 🕥 2, Robert S. Robinett @ 2, Veronica I. Romanek @ 12, Simal Sami 🔘 28, Diego F, Sanchez 🔘 217, Muhammad Shaaf Sarwar 🧔 1.2, Jay A. Schwartz 🚳 2 H. Lawrence Serra², H. Ward Silver 🥥 ² Tamitha Mulligan Skov 🔘 224, David A. Swartz 🚳 David R. Themens O 2.25.26, Francis H. Tholley O 2.8, Mary Lou West @ 227, Ronald C. Wilcox @ 2, David Witten @ 23, Ben A. Witvliet 💿 2.28 and Nisha Yadav 💿 2.8

Ham SC Ï http://hamsci.org

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Getting Involved

HamSCI now has over 1200 members!

Join by visiting hamsci.org

Our main **Google Group** is open discussion for all things related to HamSCI.

Plus, many specialized email lists!

For HamSCI publications: Visit scholar.google.com search 'hamsci' Also a bibliography at <u>hamsci.org/publications</u>

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HamSCI Zoom Telecons - Join Us

TAPR/Tech Telecon HamSCI TAPR/Tech Telecon	Engineering telecon to support the development of high performance sensing systems, such as the WSPR Daemon/ GRAPE RX-888	Mondays 9 PM Eastern (Tuesdays 0100 UTC)
GRAPE Telecon	Telecon to support engineering and science related to the GRAPE (low-cost) Personal Space Weather Station.	Thursdays 10 AM Eastern (1400 UTC during DST)
HamSCIENCE Telecon HamSCI THE UNIVERSITY OF SCRANTON A JESUIT UNIVERSITY	Telecon to discuss science questions, observations and findings releated to HamSCI's research interests.	Thursdays at 4 PM Eastern (2000 UTC during DST)

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YouTube

Acknowledgments Connecting Communities in Action

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- Use of Open Source Software used in HamSCI analysis: Ubuntu Linux, Python (van Rossum, 1995), matplotlib (Hunter, 2007), NumPy (Oliphant, 2007), SciPy (Jones et al., 2001), pandas (McKinney, 2010), xarray (Hoyer & Hamman, 2017), iPython (Pérez & Granger, 2007), and others (e.g., Millman & Aivazis, 2011).

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Find out more...

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www.rsgb.org

